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# PHOENIX PUBLIC SCHOOL

ISANPUR, AHMEDABAD - 382443.

DATE : ISANPUR, AHMEDABAD	SUBJECT :	Roll No. :
STD. :	Suppl. No. :	Supervisor's Sign./

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4<sup>th</sup>. /A/B/C

## Revision.

Q. 1) M.C.Q.

- 1) What is the name of the lake which has salty water  
→ Sambhar lake.
- 2) The average height of the Himadri range is  
→ 6000 metres.
- 3) India can be divided into the \_\_\_\_\_ main physical divisions.  
→ five.
- 4) India is divided into \_\_\_\_\_ states  
→ 29
- 5) The highest peak of the Himalayas in India is \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Mt. Everest. K-2
- 6) In which state lies the Great Indian Desert ?



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→ Rajasthan

7) Nathula pass is in \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Sikkim.

8) which are the neighbouring countries of India ?

→ All of these

9) what is the name of the Great Indian Desert ?

→ Thar Desert.

10) what is the area of India ?

→ 32,80,000 Sq. km.

11) A peninsula is a piece of land almost surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Sea.

12) Bangladesh is surrounded by Indian States in the north.

→ North.

13) The word 'Himalaya' means \_\_\_\_\_  
"Abode of snow"

14) The high peaks of Himalayas are always covered with \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Snow.





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- 15) The Kullu and Manali valleys in Himachal Pradesh are also famous \_\_\_\_\_ centres.  
→ tourist.
- 16) The \_\_\_\_\_ are the source of many perennial rivers.  
→ glaciers.
- 17) The Himalayas form a \_\_\_\_\_ wall in the north of India.  
→ natural
- 18) \_\_\_\_\_ trees around the oasis.  
→ datepalm.
- 19) It is difficult to travel in the desert due to \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Sand - Storms
- 20) A \_\_\_\_\_ is a gap between two high mountains.  
→ Pass.



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Q.2 Fill in the blanks.

1) India is located in the \_\_\_\_\_ Part of Asia.  
→ Southern.

2) The Southern part of India is \_\_\_\_\_ in shape.  
→ Triangular.

3) The trees of \_\_\_\_\_ can be seen around an oasis.  
→ Datepalm.

4) The small hills formed by sand deposits in the desert are called \_\_\_\_\_.  
→ Sand Dunes.

5) Himalayas are the \_\_\_\_\_ Fold Mountains.  
→ Youngest.

6) Landslides are common in the \_\_\_\_\_ range.  
→ Shiwalik.

7) The Great Indian Desert is also called the \_\_\_\_\_ Desert.  
→ Thar.

8) Indira Gandhi Canal takes water from the \_\_\_\_\_ river.

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7) Satluj Sutluj

9) \_\_\_\_\_ is the middle range of Himalayas  
→ Himachal.

10) K-2 is the located in the \_\_\_\_\_ range  
→ Karakoram.

Q.3. True or false

1) The desert soil cannot be made fertile even if irrigation water is available.  
→ false

2) Luni is a saltwater lake.  
→ false.

3) The shivalik range is the coldest range of the Himalayas.  
→ false.

4) Terai region is rich in wildlife  
→ True

5) All the Indians speak the same language  
→ false

6) Andaman and Nicobar Islands are situated in the Bay of Bengal.  
→ True



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7) The Highest peak of the Himalayas is,  
k-2 → True

8) The Himalayas are wider in the west and narrower in the east.  
→ True

9) India is surrounded by sea from all sides.  
→ False

10) Bhutan is a land locked country.  
→ True

Q.4. Answer the following questions.

1) Describe the location of the Great Indian Desert?

Ans- The Great Indian Desert lies to the west of the Northern plain. This desert extends from the Aravalli hills to the border of Pakistan.

2) Write the names of eight neighbouring countries of India?

Ans: 1) Pakistan 2) Afghanistan 3) China 4) Nepal  
5) Bhutan 6) Bangladesh 7) Myanmar 8) Sri Lanka.

3) What do you mean by peninsula?

Ans- Peninsula is a piece of land surrounded by water from three sides. For example, the southern part of India is triangular.



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in shape having its base in the north and apex in the south and therefore it is called peninsular plateau.

4) Where is the Terai Region? what are its main features?

Ans: The southern part of the Shiwalik range is called the Terai Region. Its main features are the Terai Region has many wild animals such as elephant, tiger, rhinoceroses, leopards, cheetahs, and bears etc. Here variety of crops are grown.

5) Where are the valleys of Kullu and Manali situated? why are they famous?

Ans: The valleys of Kullu and Manali are situated in Himachal Pradesh. They are famous for their scenic beauty.

6) Why is the camel most important animal in the desert?

Ans: It is difficult to travel in the desert due to sand-storms, so the camel is the only animal which can easily walk on sand. It can travel for many days without drinking water.

7) What is an oasis? why do most of the people of the desert live around an oasis?

Ans: The place where some underground water comes up to the surface is called an



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Oasis. Most of the people live around the oasis because there they can grow a few crops like millets and vegetables etc.

8) What does the word Himalayas mean? Why are the Himalayas given this name?

Ans: The word Himalaya means 'Abode of Snow'. The Himalayas are given this name because the high peaks of the Himalayas are always covered with snow.

9) Write about the location and size of India?

Ans: India is located in the Southern part of the Continent of Asia. It is surrounded by seas on three sides. Its area is about 32,80,000 Sq. Km.

10) Why is the Northern plain called the 'Gift of the Himalayas'?

Ans: Because it was formed by the deposits brought down by the rivers originated from the Himalayas. Also due to the rich deposition of silt year after year, this plain has turned into one of the most fertile plain in the world.