

maths

①

Revision of Mathematics. Std 4th.

M.C.Q.

(1). The smallest 4 digit number is.

- (a) 1111 (b) 2000 (c) 1000 (d) 1999.

(2). The smallest 6 digit number is

- (a) 1000 (b) 10000 (c) 100000 (d) 111111.

(3). What is the place value of 5 in the digit 8005781?

- (a) 5 (b) 50 (c) 500 (d) 5000.

(4). The greatest 7 digit number is.

- (a) 9990000 (b) 9000000 (c) 1000000 (d) 9999999

(5). What is the short form of $100000 + 60000 + 4000 + 500 + 30 + 2$?

- (a) 164032 (b) 164532 (c) 235461.
(d) 154532

(6). How many thousand make a lakh?

- (a) Hundred (b) fifty. (c) Two. (d) Thirty.

2

Date _____
Page _____

(7) How many Ten make a ten thousand?

(a) Ten (b) hundred (c) Thousand (d) lakh

(8) How many symbols are used to express the roman numerals?

(a) five (b) three (c) Two (d) Seven

(9) What is the value of XLIX in Hindu-Arabic numbers?

(a) 40 (b) 50 (c) 39 (d) 49

(10) What is the value of M in Hindu-Arabic numbers?

(a) 100 (b) 500 (c) 50 (d) 1000

(11) How many hundred make a Ten lakh?

(a) 5 (b) 1000 (c) 10000 (d) 100000

(12) The numbers added together are called addends.

(a) result (b) remainders (c) Sum (d) addends

(13) The number we get after addition is called sum.

(a) result (b) remainders (c) sum (d) addends

14.8 What is the sum of 36423 and 49575 ?

- (a) 85998 (b) 88995 (c) 89598 (d) 89859

15. $50555 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 50555$

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) ~~50555~~ (d) 5

16. $37732 + 33205 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 37732$

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 33205 (d) 37732

17. $0 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 435757$

- (a) 435750 (b) 0 (c) 435757 (d) 1

18. The number from which we subtract the other number, is called _____

- (a) subtrahend (b) difference (c) minuend

19. The number which is to be subtracted is called _____

- (a) difference (b) subtrahend (c) minuend

20. The result obtained on subtraction is called _____

- (a) difference (b) subtrahend (c) Minuend

(4)



(21). What is the difference between 77835 and 53021?

(a) 48214 (b) 42814 (c) 28441 (d) 24814

(22). fill the blank with proper digit

(a) $98421 - 5 \underline{\quad} 211 = 44210$

(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4

(23) $\underline{\quad} - 0 = 44444$

(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 44444 (d) 4

(24) $54232 - \underline{\quad} = 0$

(a) 0 (b) 54232 (c) 1 (d) none of these

(25) $8 \times 15 = 15 \times \underline{\quad}$

(a) 15 (b) 8 (c) 1 (d) 0

(26) $15 \times (25 + 35) = (15 \times 25) + (15 \times \underline{\quad})$

(a) 15 (b) 25 (c) 35 (d) none of these

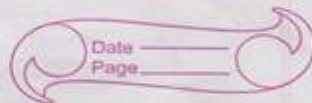
(27) $267 \times 3000 = \underline{\quad}$

(a) 801000 (b) 267000 (c) 1 (d) 0

(28) $4 \times 2 \times 3 \times 1 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

(a) 24 (b) 9 (c) 12 (d) none of these

(5)



(29). The numbers being multiplied is called the _____.

(a) Multiplier (b) product (c) Multiplicand.

(30). The number being by which the multiplicand is multiplied called the _____.

(a) product (b) Multiplier. (c) Multiplicand.

(31). $183 + 1694 - 275 + 18 \times 7 + 315 = ?$

(a) 2043 (b) 2403 (c) 2030 (d) 2430.

(32). $200 \div 100 =$ _____.

(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) none of these.

(34). $0 \div 5432 =$ _____.

(a) 0 (b) 5432 (c) 1 (d) none of these.

(35). The number which is to be divided is called _____.

(a) divisor (b) remainder (c) quotient
(d) dividend.

(36). The result of division is called _____.

(a) dividend (b) divisor (c) quotient (d) remainder

[3]

37. The ~~result~~ number which is left undivided is called _____.

- (a) quotient (b) remainder (c) dividend.
(d) divisor.

38. The number which divides another number is called _____.

- (a) quotient (b) remainder (c) dividend.
(d) divisor

39. $313131 \div 313131 =$ _____

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 313131 (d) none of these.

40. $20000 \div 1000 =$ _____

- (a) 2 (b) 20 (c) 20000 (d) 20000000.

41. Numbers which are exactly divisible by 2 are called _____.

- (a) Odd numbers (b) prime numbers.
(c) even numbers. (d) None of these.

42. Numbers which are not exactly divisible by 2 are called _____.

- (a) odd numbers (b) prime numbers
(c) even numbers. (d) none of these.

43. A number, which can be divisible divided only by 1 and the number, itself is called, a.

- (a) odd number (b) prime number
(c) even number (d) composite number

44. Two prime numbers whose difference is 2 are called _____.

- (a) twin primes (b) composite number
(c) prime numbers (d) even number

45. Numbers which have more than two factors are called _____.

- (a) prime number (b) composite number
(c) twin prime (d) even number

46. Numbers which have only two factors as 1 & number itself are called _____.

- (a) prime number (b) composite number
(c) twin prime (d) even number

47. Number which end with 5 is always divisible by.

- (a) 2 (b) 5 (c) 3 (d) 10

48. fourth multiple of 7 is _____

- (a). 28 (b) 36 (c). 32 (d) 24.

49. Write the smallest

49. Which is the smallest composite number.

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 4 (d) 7

50. Which is the only even prime number.

- (a) 0 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 8

Q. 2: → please refer ex - 4 → Q = 1, 2, 3.

ex - 5 → Q = 5.

ex - 7 → Q = 1, Q = 2,

Q. 2: → please refer ex - 7 → Q = 1, Q = 2, Q = 6.

ex -

Q. 2: → please refer ex - 12 → Q = 1, Q = 2, Q = 3.

Q. 2: → please refer: ex - 17 → Q = 1, Q = 2, ~~Q = 3~~.

Q. 3: → Answer the following
please refer → ex - 21, 23 (whole).

Q. 4: → Word problem -
from → ex - 8, 14, 19. only. (please refer)