

(S.A-2)

S.S. Revision

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# PHOENIX PUBLIC SCHOOL

ISANPUR, AHMEDABAD - 382443.

DATE :	SUBJECT :	Roll No. :
STD. :	Suppl. No. :	Supervisor's Sign./

Q.1 Tick the correct option

- (1) Who was the first president of India?  
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Dr. Rajendra prasad  
(c) None of these
- (2) Who treat us when  
(2) There are — main direction?  
(a) Three (b) Four (c) Five
- (3) There are — sub-direction?  
(a) Three (b) Four (c) Five
- (3) The plan of a house is drawn with the help of —  
(a) Direction (b) Surms (c) lines
- (4) People go to cinema-halls for — mus  
(a) fighting (b) watch the movie (c) listen th
- (5) What are the example of mass communication?  
(a) Radio (b) Television (c) All of these
- (6) What is the international network of computers?  
(a) Aeroplane (b) Telephone (c) Internet
- (7) Which is the fastest means of transport?  
(a) Train (b) Buses (c) Aeroplanes
- (8) We can travel long journey by the—  
(a) bus (b) bike (c) trains
- (9) We can talk to any person living in any part of the world through the—  
(a) News paper (b) Internet (c) Telephone

- (10) How many seasons are there in India?  
 (a) Three      (b) Four      (c) Five
- (11) In which season we wear woollen clothes?  
 (a) Summer       (b) Winter      (c) Rainy
- (12) We can know the directions with the help of the rising —  
 (a) Sun      (b) moon      (c) Star
- (13) Steamers are used to carry —  
 (a) passengers      (b) things      (c) animals
- (14) If we have to send urgent message then we can send it through the —  
 (a) The      (b) Telegram      (c) phone
- (15) In which season we eat hot items?  
 (a) winter      (b) summer      (c) Rainy
- (16) In which season day is longer than the night?  
 (a) Summer      (b) winter      (c) Rainy
- (17) Which means of transport we can see in cities?  
 (a) Buses      (b) Trucks       (c) All of those
- (18) Which means of transport we can see in the village?  
 (a) Bullock-carts      (b) Tractor       (c) All of those
- (19) In which season we use umbrella?  
 (a) Rainy      (b) winter      (c) Summer
- (20) Who takes the salute of Republic day parade?  
 (a) president      (b) prime minister      (c) none of these

(21) ~~Who takes~~

21) 'Get ready to go' is the signal at \_\_\_\_\_ light.

(a) Red (b) Green (c) Yellow

(22) Red light is the signal for \_\_\_\_\_

(a) Go (b) Stop (c) Get ready to go

(23) In between the rainy season and winter there is a short season at \_\_\_\_\_

(a) Autumn (b) Winter (c) Summer

(24) The teacher's day is celebrated on \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 5<sup>th</sup> September (b) 6<sup>th</sup> September (c) 7<sup>th</sup> September

Q.2 Write the following answers

(1) When do we celebrate our national festivals :

- Gandhi Jayanti - 2<sup>nd</sup> October
- Independence day - 15<sup>th</sup> August
- Republic day - 26<sup>th</sup> January
- Teacher's day - 5<sup>th</sup> September
- The children's day - 14<sup>th</sup> November

(2) In which direction each of the following states located at the political map of India -

- (1) Jammu and Kashmir - North
- (2) Gujarat - West
- (3) Tamil Nadu - South
- (4) Kerala - South

(3) Write five names of means of individual transport :

- (1) Post (3) Telephone (5) Internet  
(2) Telegram (4) Fax

(4) Write four names of means of mass communication -

- (1) Radio (3) Newspapers  
(2) Television (4) Cinema

(5) Write the names of three main seasons:

- (1) Summer  
(2) Winter  
(3) Rainy

(6) What does the following show :-

- (1) Red light indicates - Stop  
(2) Green light indicates - go  
(3) Yellow light indicates - get ready to go

(7) Write five names of means of Road transport:

- (1) Truck (3) Buses (5) Cars  
(2) Bike (4) Trains (6) Scooters

(8) Write three names of water transport:

- (1) Boat (2) Steamers (3) Ships

Q.3 Write true or false.

- (1) We send a written message by telephone - false.  
(2) Dr. Rajendra Prasad was the first president of India - true  
(3) Water transport is the fastest means of transport - false.

- (4) Rainy season are not good for farmers - false.
- (5) mobile phones are connected by cables - false.
- (6) Traffic rules should be followed by all road users - true.
- (7) The bicycles have no engines - true.
- (8) The aeroplanes are the used only for carry passengers - false.

Q.4 Write fill in the blanks.

[Transistor, hilly, Crowded, Rainy, Mahatma Gandhi, pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Cargo, four elephants, spring, mobile, west].

- (1) The elephants are used to carry heavy logs of wood in the forest.
- (2) The city roads are usually very Crowded.
- (3) Some Kuchcha homes collapse during Rainy season.
- (4) There are four main direction.
- (5) The children's day is celebrated in the memory of pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.
- (6) The special aeroplanes used to carry goods only are called Cargo planes.
- (7) The yaks are used in the hilly areas.
- (8) A small radio is called a transistor.
- (9) During spring season the flowers bloom all around.

10 We can carry mobile phones wherever we go.

(11) Mahatma Gandhi is called the 'father of the nation'.

12: The sun sets in the west direction.

Q. 5 Match the following.

- |                             |                         |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Yaks                    | hilly areas             |
| (2) Sun rising              | Air transport           |
| (3) Television              | GO                      |
| (4) Green light             | east                    |
| (5) Aeroplanes              | 15 <sup>th</sup> August |
| (6) 2 <sup>nd</sup> October | desert                  |
| (7) Camels                  | Umbrella                |
| (8) Independence day        | Mass communication      |
| (9) Rainy                   | Gandhi Jayanti          |
| (10) Woolen clothes         | Winter season           |

Q. 6 Write the question answers.

Chap-1  
(1) When and where was Mahatma Gandhi born?  
→ Mahatma Gandhi was born on 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1869 at Porbandar in Gujarat.

Chap-2  
(2) What is season?  
→ When the weather remains almost same for a few months, it is called a season.

Chap-3  
(3) Why do most of the road accidents occur?  
→ Most of the road accidents occurred because some people don't follow the traffic rules.

Q4. What is the main use of helicopter?

A. A helicopter is mainly used for taking few passengers or goods to the areas where there are no roads or railway lines.

5) What do you mean by means of communication?

→ Means of communication are used to send messages oral or written from person to person.

6) What is the use of knowing about directions?

→ Through directions know the location of various places. The plan of a house, a locality, a city is drawn with the help of direction.

7) Which means of transport are generally used in villages and why?

→ In villages bullock-carts, horse-carts and camel-carts are used because there are no pucca roads are found.

8) What do people do on Gandhi Jayanti?

→ On Gandhi Jayanti people pay homage on the samadhi of Gandhiji at Rajghat.

9) What is 'loo'?

→ Sometimes a hot dry wind called 'loo' blows in the plains of north India.

10. Which animals are used in the hilly areas as the means of transport?

Q. 7 Write short note (Any one)

4) Safety rules on the road:

→ We should follow the traffic rules.

→ We should always walk on the footpath.

- We should not run or play on the road.
- We should cross the road only at zebra crossing.
- The red light is the signal to stop,
- The yellow light is the signal to get ready to go.
- The green light is the signal to go.
- If you have to cross the road look to the right, then to the left and again to the right.

## (2) Means of transport :-

- There are three types of transport: land transport, water transport and Air transport.
- For land transport in villages bullock-carts, horse-carts and camel-carts are used.
- In cities scooters, cars, buses, trucks are used as a land transport.
- Various types of boats, steamers and ships are used as a water transport.
- Air transport is the fastest means of transport.
- Aeroplanes and helicopters are used as a means of air transport.
- We can travel in rivers, lakes, seas and oceans by boats, steamers and ships.