

IIIrd - Social Studies Revision - SA-2



PHOENIX PUBLIC SCHOOL

ISANPUR, AHMEDABAD - 382443.

DATE :	SUBJECT : S.S	Roll No. :
STD. :	Suppl. No. :	Supervisor's Sign./

Revision - SA-2 [CL- 4,5,6,7]

Que Tick the correct options.

1. What was the oldest name of Chennai?
(a) Madras (b) Moduras
(c) Madras (d) None of them
2. Chennai is the capital of _____.
(a) India (b) Tamil Nadu
(c) Goa (d) Himachal Pradesh.
3. What is the most popular dance of Tamil Nadu?
(a) Bharatanatyam (b) Kuchipudi
(c) Odissi (d) None of these
4. What is the most popular food of Tamil Nadu?
(a) Sambar (b) Idli
(c) Dosa (d) Both a or b
(e) ~~None of these~~
5. What was the childhood name of Rani Laxmibai?
(a) Kemu (b) Monu
(c) Manu (d) Meenu
6. What was the father's name of Rani Laxmi bai?
(a) Moraji (b) Moraji
(c) Bai Ruo (d) None of these

- 7 who built the Red fort ?
- (a) Iltut mish (b) G. utob-ud-din Aibak
 (c) Shahjahan (d) None of them
- 8 Rani Laxmibai was married to _____
- (a) Baij Rao (b) Damodar Rao
 (c) Gangadhar Rao (d) None of these
- 9 Shivaji was born in _____
- (a) 1600 (b) 1615
 (c) 1627 (d) 2000
- 10 what was the name of Shivaji's father ?
- (a) Sambhaji Bhonsle (b) Baij Rao
 (c) Shahji Bhonsle (d) Baij Rao Mastani
- 11 who was the guru of Shivaji ?
- (a) Shyamdas (b) Ramdas
 (c) Ramchandra (d) Guru Govind
- 12 who taught the art of fighting to Shivaji ?
- (a) Kond Dev (b) Afjal Khan
 (c) Shaista Khan (d) All of these
- 13 Chennai has an _____ harbour.
- (a) Natural (b) Artificial
 (c) Superb (d) All of these
- 14 The Union Territory of Pondicherry is in the _____ of Chennai.
- (a) South (b) East
 (c) North (d) West
- 15 Chennai is an important _____ Centre.
- (a) Industrial (b) Chemical
 (c) filmy (d) None of these
- 16 Chennai has a big _____
- (a) Film Centre (b) Oil Refinery
 (c) Cloth market (d) All of these

- 17 _____ is their favourite beverage.
- (a) ice
 - (b) Coffee
 - (c) chocolate
 - (d) Tea
- 18 Where is Red fort situated?
- (a) Kolkata
 - (b) Dehli
 - (c) Uttar pradesh
 - (d) None of these
- 19 _____ is a major occupation of the village people living near the coast.
- (a) Drinking
 - (b) Fishing
 - (c) watering
 - (d) None of these
- 20 _____ beach is the longest beach in India.
- (a) Marina
 - (b) Monaco
 - (c) Parle - G
 - (d) None of these
- 21 _____ is a very old church.
- (a) St. Thomas Cathedral
 - (b) Marina
 - (c) Drinking
 - (d) None of these
- 22 Gangadhar Rao and Rani Laxmibai adopted a son and called him _____.
- (a) Bajirao
 - (b) Darmodar Rao
 - (c) Gangadhar Rao
 - (d) None of these
- 23 Rani Laxmibai's name is still remembered for her _____ and _____.
- (a) bravery, courage
 - (b) high, strong
 - (c) sweet, sour
 - (d) None of these
- 24 Shivaji was a famous _____.
- (a) Gujarati
 - (b) English man
 - (c) Maratha Ruler
 - (d) None of these

- 25 what was the name of Shivaji's mother -
(a) Jija Bai (b) Saroj ben
(c) Kantaben (d) Mamtaben
- 26 Shivaji formed a small _____
(a) Army (b) Village
(c) state (d) Town
- 27 He became the ruler of his independent kingdom, he was conferred with the title of _____
(a) Punjabi (b) Chhatrapati
(c) Gujarati (d) None of these
- 28 Shivaji died in _____
(a) 1668 (b) 1680
(c) 1621 (d) 1920
- 29 Shivaji has become _____ in the history of India.
(a) Special (b) immortal
(c) Confidence (d) All of these
- 30 The traditional dress of men is _____.
(a) White dhoti and shirt (b) Jeans & T-shirt
(c) Pents & shirt (d) None of these
- 31 Rani Laxmibai knows _____
(a) horse riding (b) Archery
(c) shooting (d) All of these
- 32 She liked to play games of _____ and _____.
(a) bravery, heroism (b) Snacks & Ladders
(c) Playing Cards (d) None of these
- 33 After her marriage she came to be known as _____.
(a) Laxmibai (b) kakilaben
(c) Jamnaben (d) None of these

- 34 Rani Laxmibai's son was born in _____
(a) 1821 (b) 1850
(c) 1851 (d) None of these
- 35 The Britisher now wanted to capture _____
(a) Jhansi (b) India
(c) Gujarat (d) All of these
- 36 Rani Laxmibai died like a brave _____
(a) woman (b) warrior
(c) person (d) None of these
- 37 Shivaji's army was small but it was _____
and _____
(a) dedicated and disciplined (b) Smart and healthy
(c) strong and good (d) None of these
- 38 The Maratha kingdom was under the _____ of
Bijapur.
(a) king (b) Sultan
(c) soldier (d) All of these
- 39 Shivaji's army was well trained in _____ war
tactics.
(a) Bijapur (b) Guerrilla
(c) Gholapur (d) All of these
- 40 Aurangzeb then sent _____ to defeat Shivaji.
(a) Shahjahan (b) Raja Jai Singh
(c) Bajji Rao (d) None of these

Que Fill in the blanks.

- 1 Chennai is the capital of Tamil Nadu.
- 2 Bharatnatyam is the famous classical dance of Tamil Nadu.
- 3 The main festival of Tamil Nadu is Pongal.
- 4 The Union Territory of Pondicherry is in the South of Chennai.
- 5 Chennai is the headquarters of Southern Railway.
- 6 Rani Laxmibai's childhood name was Manu.
- 7 Her husband's name was Gangadhar Rao.
- 8 Name of Shivaji's father was Shahji Bhonsle.
- 9 Shivaji's army was well trained in Guerilla war.
- 10 ~~Marangzets~~ got Shivaji ~~arrested~~.
- 10 The Republic Day Parade is held at Rajpath.

Que write true or false.

- 1 Shivaji's father had set up his own Maratha Kingdom. - X
- 2 ~~The Sultan of Bijapur~~ defeated
- 2 Shivaji's army was not well organised. ✓
- 3 Rani Laxmibai was born in Jhansi. - X
- 4 Rani Laxmibai's son died after a few months of his birth. - ✓
- 5 Rani Laxmibai surrendered before the British army. - X

- Delhi has a sea port. - X
6. Chennai has a natural harbour. - X
 7. Tamil Nadu is surrounded by sea on two sides. - ✓
 8. There is a big oil refinery in Chennai. - ✓
 9. The literacy rate in Tamil Nadu is very low. - X
 10. The climate of Chennai is warm and moist all the year around. ✓

Ques : Answer in One word.

1. Rani Laxmibai adopted a son and named him _____
- Damodar Rao
2. Write one name of famous beaches in Chennai.
- Marina Beach
3. Which is a major occupation of the village people living near the coast?
- Fishing
4. Write one name of temple where the statues of gods and goddesses carved in stones.
- Kapaleshwar temple
5. What is the name of that colourful design which draw with rice flour outside their homes?
- Kolam

6 what was the name of Rani Laxmibai's mother?

- Bhagirathi Bai

7 what was the name of Rani Laxmibai's husband?

- Gangadhar Rao

8 when was Manu born?

- 1835, in Varanasi.

9 what was the name of Rani Laxmibai's father?

- Moraji Pant.

10 when was Shivaji born?

- 1627 in Maharashtra

11 what was the name of Shivaji's mother?

- Jiji Bai

12 what is the name of international airport in Chennai?

- Meenambakkam

13 which is the most important festival celebrated by the people of Chennai?

- Pongal

14 which temple is in centre of this festival?

- Mylapore temple

15 which crop is harvested in the month of January?

- Paddy (rice)

Que Answer the following questions

1 why is the St. Thomas Cathedral famous place in Chennai?

Ans St. Thomas Cathedral is a famous place because this church is one of the oldest churches in India. It is built in the name of St. Thomas who was one of the twelve apostles of Christ.

2 why is the St. Mary's Church famous place in Chennai?

Ans St. Mary's Church is famous because this church is the oldest Anglican church of India.

3 why is the Fort of St. George famous place in India?

Ans Fort of St. George is famous because it was founded by the British East India Company in 1657.

4 what are the main features of the festival of Pongal celebrated in Tamil Nadu?

Ans The traditional boat race and bull race are the main features of Pongal.

5 What are the traditional dresses of men and women in Tamil Nadu?

Ans Traditionally men wears white dhoti called Veshti with shirt and women wears saree and blouse.

6 Why did the British refuse to recognize Rani Laxmibai's adopted son as the heir to the throne of Jhansi?

Ans The British refused to recognise the adopted son because the British wanted to capture Jhansi.

7 Why did Rani Laxmibai take part in the revolt of 1857?

Ans Rani Laxmibai took part in the revolt of 1857 to recapture her fort and kingdom.

8 How did Rani Laxmibai fight with the British army?

Ans Rani Laxmibai fought the British army with courage. She tied her son to her back and fought bravely. She killed many British soldiers.

9 For what qualities her name is still remembered?

Ans Her name is still remembered for the qualities of bravery and courage.

10 what did Shivaji learn from his mother?
Ans Shivaji learned stories of brave men from his mother.

11 what did Shivaji learn from guru Ramdas?
Ans ~~Shivaji~~ Ramdas inspired Shivaji to him to love his country and make it free from foreign rule.

12 why did Shivaji's army adopt the tactics of guerrilla warfare?
Ans Shivaji's army adopt the tactics of guerrilla warfare because his small army could not fight with the huge army of the Sultan of Bijapur face into face.

13 who defeat Shivaji?
Ans Raja Jai Singh defeat Shivaji.

14 How was Shivaji's army?
Ans Shivaji's army was small but it was dedicated and disciplined.

15 what did Shivaji learn from Dada Kond Dev?
Ans Dada Kond Dev taught him the art of fighting and made him a great warrior.